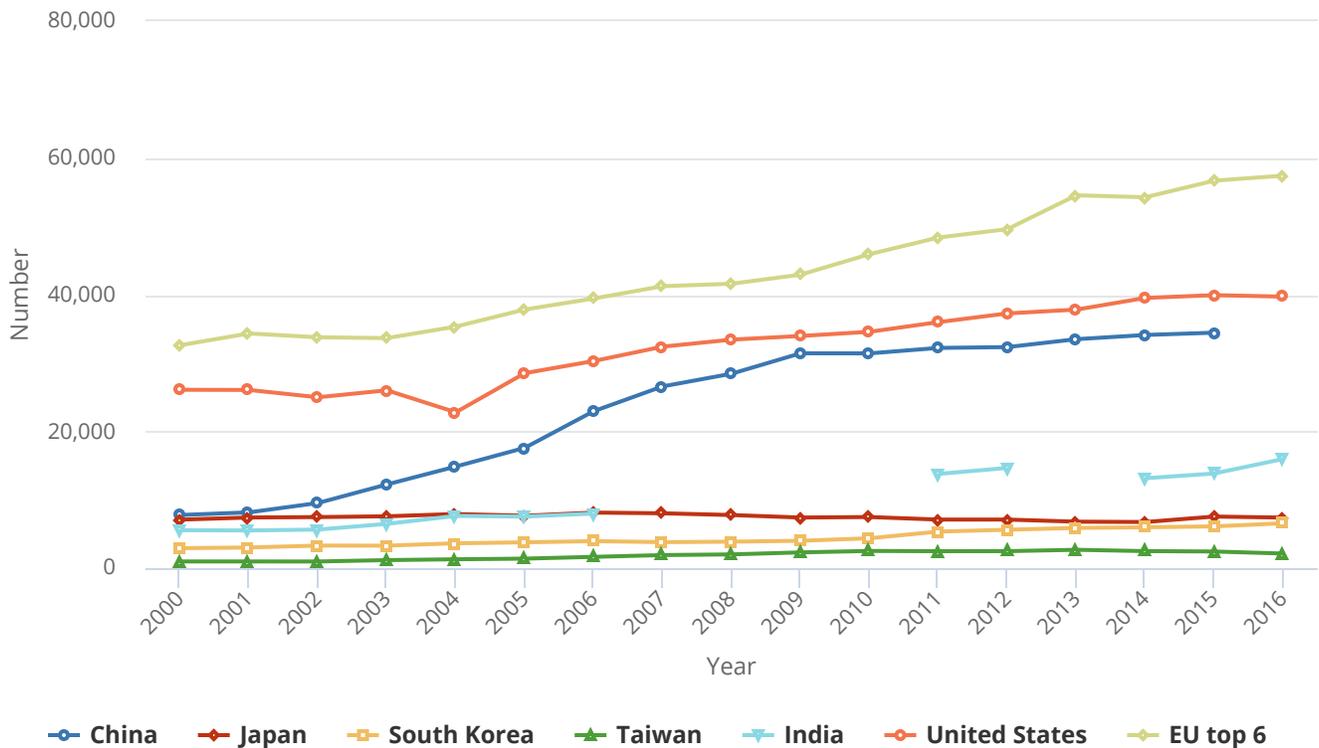


FIGURE 2-21

S&E doctoral degrees, by selected region, country, or economy: 2000–16



EU = European Union.

Note(s)

Data are not comparable with data presented in earlier *Indicators* reports because of a change to the International Standard Classification of Education 2011 and to a more aggregated taxonomy of fields. To facilitate international comparison, data for the United States are those reported to the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, which varies slightly from the National Science Foundation classification of fields presented in other sections of the report. The EU top 6 total includes aggregated data for the six EU members producing the highest number of S&E doctoral degrees in 2016: France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. The EU top total 6 includes estimated data for some countries and some years when country data are not available. Data for China and India are shown in only years when data were available.

Source(s)

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), OECD.Stat; Eurostat, Education and training database; Government of Japan, Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology, Survey of Education (various years); National Bureau of Statistics of China, *China Statistical Yearbook* (various years); Ministry of Education, *Educational Statistics of the Republic of China (Taiwan)* (various years).