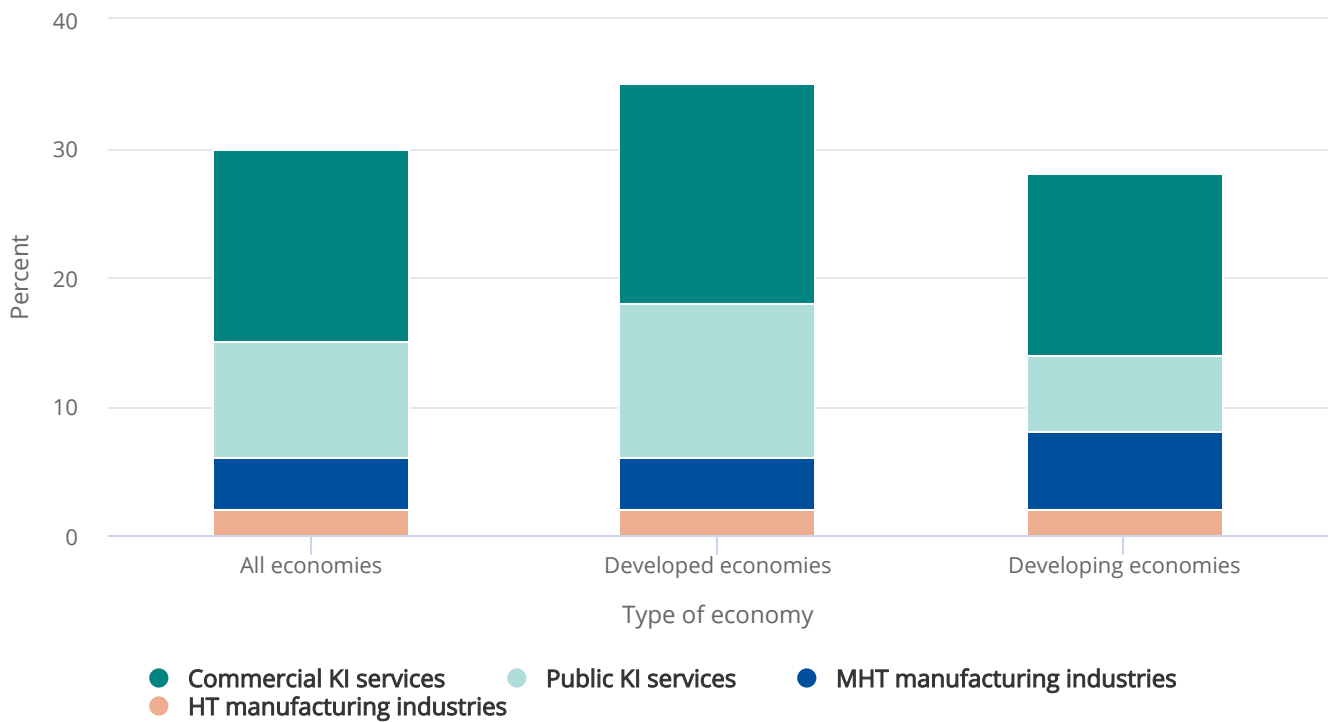


FIGURE 6-2

Selected industry category share of GDP of developed and developing economies: 2016



GDP = gross domestic product; HT = high technology; KI = knowledge intensive; MHT = medium-high technology.

Note(s)

Output of knowledge- and technology-intensive (KTI) industries is on a value-added basis. Value added is the amount contributed by a country, firm, or other entity to the value of a good or service and excludes purchases of domestic and imported materials and inputs. KTI industries include KI services, HT manufacturing industries, and MHT manufacturing industries based on a former classification by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. KI services include business, financial, information, education, and health care. Commercial KI services include business, financial, and information. Public KI services include education and health care. HT manufacturing industries include aircraft and spacecraft; communications and semiconductors; computers; pharmaceuticals; and testing, measuring, and control instruments. MHT manufacturing industries include motor vehicles and parts, electrical machinery, machinery and equipment, chemicals excluding pharmaceuticals, and railroad and other transportation equipment. Developed economies are those classified as advanced by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). Developing economies are those classified as emerging by IMF.

Source(s)

IHS Global Insight, World Industry Service database (2017). See Appendix Table 6-3 through Appendix Table 6-8.

Science and Engineering Indicators 2018